

Sec. 3. Without regard to any criminal proceedings under this act, the prosecuting attorney of any county may, and upon written complaint of any resident of the county, naming any person, firm or corporation therein, who has, on more than 1 occasion within any 6-month period violated any provision of this act, and giving reasonable particulars of such violations, shall diligently try and prosecute an action in the circuit court of such county to restrain such person, firm or corporation and its agents and successors from and against repeated violation hereof.

Sec. 4. In any proceeding for an injunction under section 3 of this act, it shall be conclusively presumed that any future sale, dispensation, rental or distribution in violation of the provisions of this act by any person, firm or corporation which has been found to have violated the provisions of this act on more than 1 occasion within the 6 months immediately preceding the filing of the complaint would cause substantial and irreparable injury to the residents of the state, sufficient to justify the issuance of appropriate temporary or permanent injunctive relief.

Sec. 5. No person who conscientiously believes that the seventh day of the week ought to be observed as the sabbath, and actually refrains from secular business and labor on that day, shall be liable to the penalties provided in this act, for performing secular business or labor on the first day of the week.

Sec. 6. For the purposes of the provisions of this act, the first day of the week includes all the time between the midnight preceding and the midnight following the day. No prosecution for any fine or penalty incurred under any of the provisions of this act shall be commenced after the expiration of 6 months from the time when the offense was committed.

Section 2. Chapter 43 of the Revised Statutes of 1846, as amended, being sections 435.1 to 435.8 of the Compiled Laws of 1948, is hereby repealed.